

Some details of the AUTTOE approach

Giving everyone timely a rather level playing field: that is the core feature of an economy in which the AUTTOE¹ way of allocating and distributing assets is applied.

• How?

This could be done, for example, by allocating to participants during their working lives² non-tradable, non-stackable³, quite viable domains⁴ where they can provide with their own resources⁵ and with self-generated energy in at least primary family necessities of life, namely housing, clothing, food, air, warmth, touch and exercise.

The aim is to squeeze as much **transport** out of the production chains as possible. Energy can be produced and used locally, via wood, sun, wind, water and gasification. The wet circle (water, dairy, vegetables, fruit, fish, meat) can be very short. This avoids packaging, cooling and heavy transport. Furniture, footwear, and clothing can be made and used locally. Also most **services** (health care, elderly care, education, advice, administration, repair) can be produced in part-time jobs and provided locally⁶.

Larger economic **circles** concern grain and potato production, which can be grown in a relatively closed environment on large farms if it is combined with **dairy cows** for cheese production and farmyard manure production. This requires interregional links. And the materials production chain⁷ will have to span an even wider geographical area. The production of buses, tractors, trucks, ships, trains, for example, could be carried out⁸ close to raw material supply and recycling centres.

Does this setup prevent the accumulation of reserves?

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- 1 In English it should be called AUTACC = autonomous accessibility.
 - 2 I.e. during 30 years, with a starting date at about 30 years. By letting **young people** play, learn, and cooperate until they are 30, you give them space to look around, find a partner, develop a taste for all kinds of work and life situations, and gain an overview of how natural, economic, and social structures work out. By giving **older people** after the age of 60 a small independent living space in villages where there is marketing, a lot of handicraft activity, and all services, they can make optimal use of their life experience to keep themselves healthy and vital, and to find usefulness in the social life around them in all kinds of ways.
 - 3 Assigned domains can be exchanged if users wish.
 - 4 Without any standards, goals, and values regarding output or final delivery.
 - 5 Land, water, dwelling, tools.
 - 6 For example, by means of collaborations which are limited in size by governments by allocating a maximum radius of action but could be run totally independent (qua costs and income) by the participants themselves on an exchange basis with the client territory. Less division of labour, less specialisms, and less large-scale technology will result in much lower labour productivity. This will be compensated by a substantially more local available work effort because of diminishing trade, transport, communication, research, engineering, culture, specialised care, construction, consultancy and financial services in the national economy.
 - 7 I.e. production of building materials, complex tools and kitchen equipment, and production plus recycling of machinery, equipment and means of transportation.
 - 8 Standardized at European level: one brand, some types.

Partly, yes⁹, and certainly the accumulation of the reserves of private individuals. The role of money will become minimal because mutual exchanges (trade) will be greatly reduced. Due to the vertical orientation of the daily interactions, a lot of value circulates within domains, and thus does not end up in exchanges or in general reserves. Furthermore, by allocating non-tradable domains to participants, a large part of the available value is withdrawn from free access and acquisitions¹⁰ and thus from accumulation. For the rest, the accumulation of all other reserves created between participants could be prevented by abolishing cash (coins and notes), and placing a relatively low cap on possession of mobile reserves (such as bank deposits), and taxing away everything above it.

• Side effects

Of course, all this implies a total economic reorganisation. It reorganizes the food, energy, and housing production to very short chains, and people will be lined up in such a way that the demand of many sectors of the economy disappears. Especially the real compensatory sectors are losing their *raison d'être*. But education and health care can also expect a significantly lower demand. Why?

The AUTACC policy gives young adults early autonomous access to means of subsistence - and thus weapons to live emission-free lives quickly - in circumstances that stimulate integrated bodily functioning (i.e. continuous alternation and interaction of bodily functions with each other).

If we compare such an AUTACC setup with the current standard setup¹¹ of people in their professional setting, then it is clear that the AUTACC setup will cause very few compensation needs, and offers the opportunity to go through life much healthier and more self-learning than the current more or less combat setup.

9 However, local and regional authorities continue to constitute and manage significant reserves in order to regulate inter-regional imports and exports, albeit scaled back to the bare essentials.

10 At the end of a participant's working life, his domain and the rights attached to it are released for redesign by public authorities and subsequent allocation to young adults.

11 The standard setup: **Leaders** manage the resources and outline plans + initiate development of innovations by **researchers**. Subsequently, **engineers** draw up detailed plans and control the crews of **employers** and **freelancers** in order to implement. Everyone in these chains performs linked in series only a specialized behavioral area. One walks on the tips of one's toes during this functioning and is too one-sided in his inner functioning (cognition, emotion, muscles, soul, sensors). And so the demand for organizations that provide compensation and repair (health care, therapy, self-care, catering, tourism, culture, play, sport, entertainment) is enormous.